

Overall Variations: Documentation Guidelines 2021 Introduced yet another set of guidelines for providers to learn

Until further notice we really do have 3 sets of Documentation Guidelines:

1995
Documentation Guidelines

1997
Documentation Guidelines

Cuidelines

Documentation Guidelines

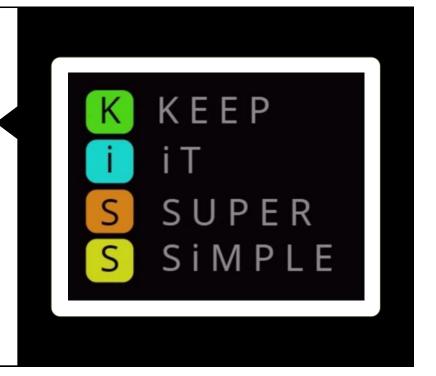
# Overall Variations: Place of Service

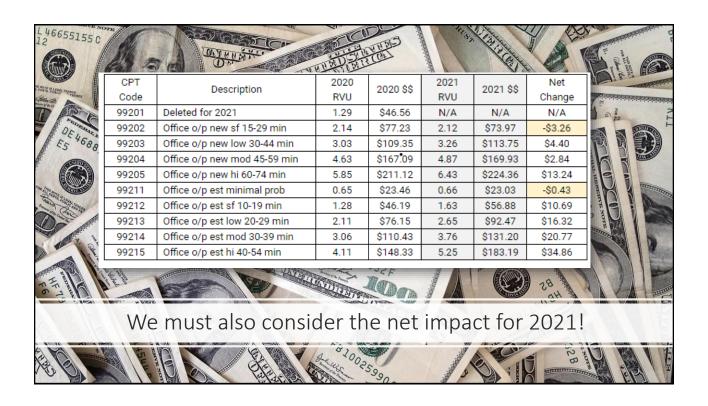
- In 2021, where the service is rendered will play a vital role in how the service should be documented---- or better stated, how the encounter should be coded
  - Office based services will use the new 2021 Documentation Guidelines
  - All other places of service will use the 1995 & 1997 Documentation Guidelines

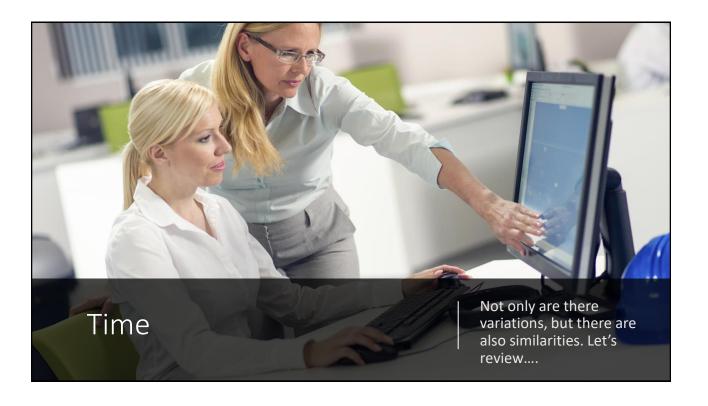
TABLE 1. PLACE-OF-SERVICE CODES NOT AFFECTED BY 2021 E/M REVISIONS			
Place of Service	Description		
13	Assisted living facility		
21	Inpatient hospital		
23	Emergency department		
31	Skilled nursing facility		
32	Nursing facility		

#### Variations for the Variety

- How do we "KISS" in 2021?
  - · Consistency?
  - Variation?
  - Multiple policies based on type or place of service, or based on set of guidelines?
- Internal structure
  - Outpatient Coding/Audit team
  - · Inpatient Coding/Audit team
  - Facility/Outpatient/Inpatient
  - · Facility/Outpatient
  - Facility/Inpatient







#### Similarities Within E&M Services

Place of Service	Total Time	What was Done	Medical Necessity
Office	YES	YES	YES
Inpatient	YES	YES	YES
Nursing Home	YES	YES	YES
Assisted Living	YES	YES	YES
Critical Care	YES	YES	YES
Preventive Care	N/A	N/A	N/A
ED Services	N/A	N/A	N/A







#### • Floor/Unit/Office time now counts

- FTF and Non-FTF time counts
- Consider this- time non-office on same date of the encounter for 99202-99215 encounters
- · C&C of care
  - Technically in the IP space, since Non-FTF time counted- then time was dominated by coordinating care- what else is the list provided by AMA other than coordination of care???

#### 2021 Time Non-FTF Services

- · For coding purposes, time for these services is the total time on the date of the encounter.
- It includes both the face-to-face and non-face-to-face time personally spent by the physician and/or other qualified health care professional(s) on the day of the encounter (includes time in activities that require the physician or other qualified health care professional and does not include time in activities normally performed by clinical staff).
- · Includes:
  - · Obtaining and/or reviewing separately obtained history
  - Performing a medically appropriate examination and/or evaluation
  - · Counseling and educating the patient/family/caregiver
  - · Ordering medications, tests, or procedures
  - · Referring and communicating with other health care professionals (when not separately reported)
  - · Documenting clinical information in the electronic or other health record
  - independently interpreting results (not separately reported) and communicating results to the patient/family/caregiver
  - Care coordination (not separately reported)

#### Use this to remember what AMA includes...

As the provider prepares, he reviews the history, performs the exam, and counsels the patient/family, all while creating orders, interpreting results, and making appropriate referrals and having provider level communication with others about the patient all in an effort to ensure ongoing patient health and safety through patient management.

# Variations with Time

- Are there variations in the different places of services?
  - Total time
    - Typical
    - Range
  - · Date of the encounter
  - Face-to-face vs. Non-Faceto-Face
  - Talking to the family
  - Documenting in the medical record
  - Reviewing notes, labs, etc...
  - Discussing the patient with another provider



### **Sharing Time Variations**

- Shared services is when a single CPT code is billed to report a service rendered in tandem by 2 providers.
- Sometimes these will be like provider (MD to MD) other times they will not be like providers (PA to MD)
  - OP: AMA, for 2021, permits combining time-based services for 99202-99215 services for QHP and MD providers
  - IP: S/S services has always been recognized in the place of service with one exception and that is critical care services. In recent, there have been some modifications to critical care (email me for more details Sdeconda@namas.co)
  - ED: S/S services has always been recognized in the place of service with one exception and that is critical care services

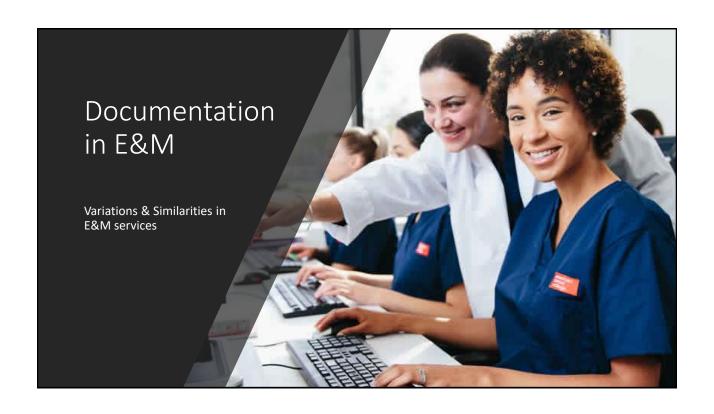


Consider the T-I-M-E T: THOROUGHLY

I: IDENTIFYING the

M: MEDICAL NECESSITY

E: EXPLANATION



Within the window of documentation, there is little remaining similarity in 2021

Inpatient and ED still use 1995/1997 DG

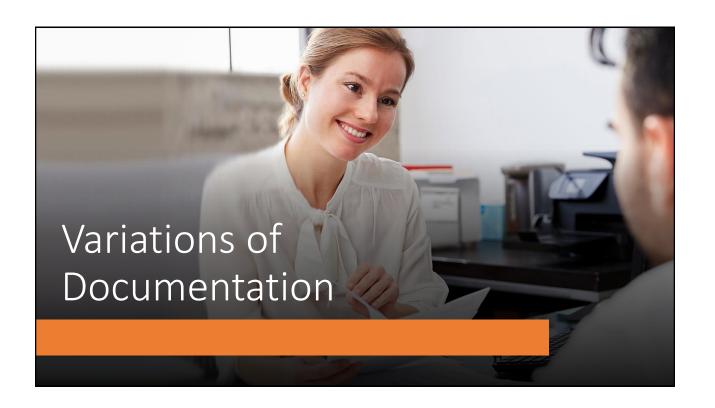
Office/Outpatient use 2021 DG

#### Similarities

Each encounter must still meet the scrutinization of carrier review for the documentation necessary for the level of service billed

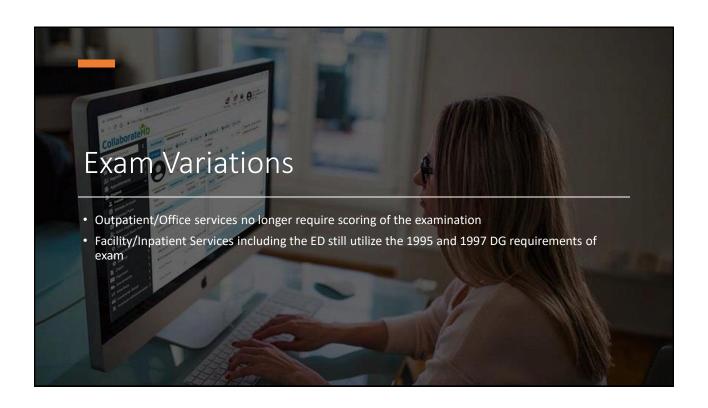


- The presenting problem remains a constant similarity in each type and place of service along with each level
  of service
  - Nature
  - Complexity
  - Acuity
  - · Chronicity



## Variations in the History

Place of Service	HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS	REVIEW OF SYSTEMS	PAST FAMILY SOCIAL HISTORY
Office	N/A	N/A	N/A
Inpatient	1995/1997	1995/1997	1995/1997
ED Services	1995/1997	1995/1997	1995/1997



## **MDM Variations**

- While MDM changes for 2021 in theory were not "huge" they were different enough that it makes a side-by-side comparison cumbersome
  - Status of a diagnosis vs. the complexity
  - Points vs. category
  - · Stated vs. considered

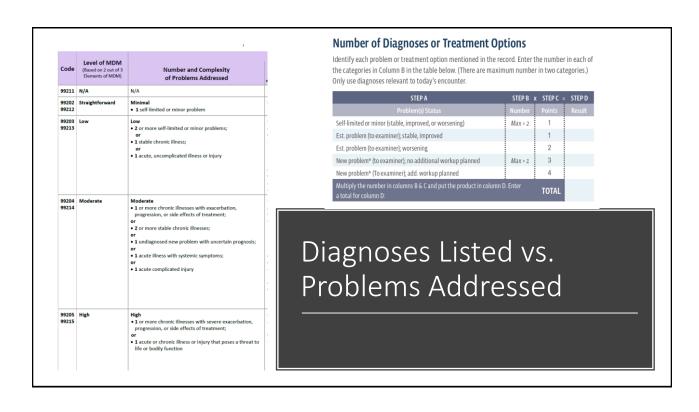
#### Variations in the Problem of the Encounter

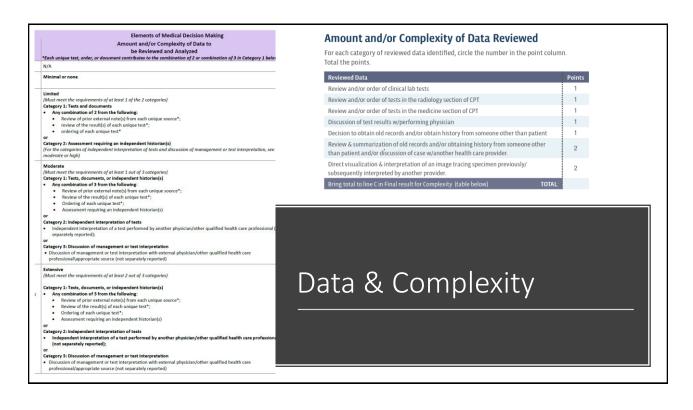
#### 2021 Guidelines

- Acute
  - Uncomplicated
  - Complicated
  - Threat
- Chronic
  - Stable
  - Exacerbated
  - Severe Exacerbated/Threat

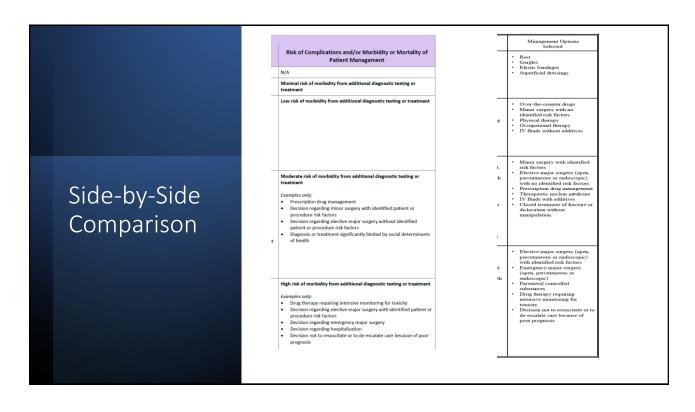
#### 1995 & 1997 Guidelines

- New Problem
  - With additional workup
  - Without additional workup
- Established Problem
  - Worsening
  - Improving
- Self limited?



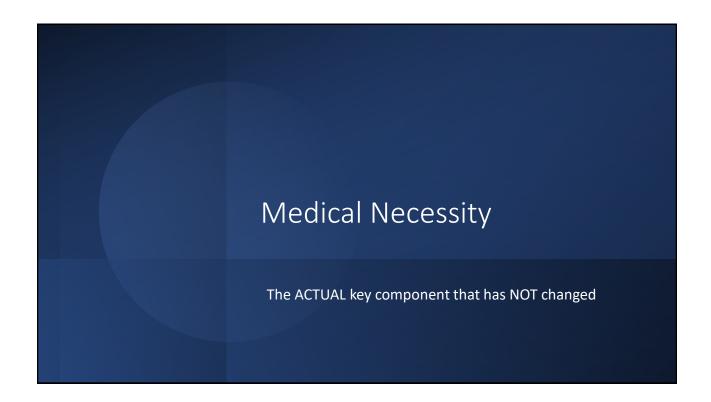


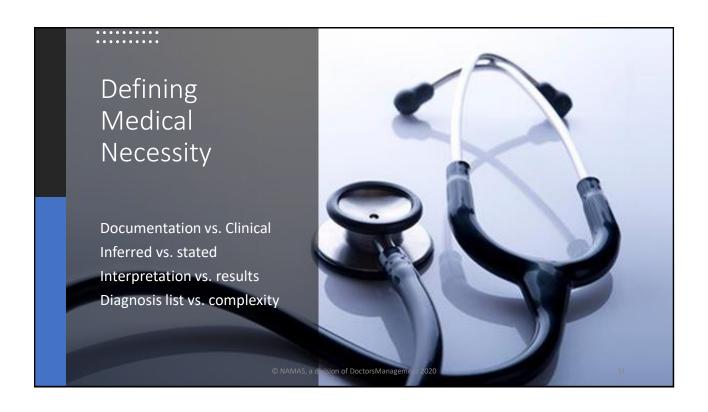




## Overall Documentation Analysis

- Even when we score our documentation, we have variations in our different places and types of services
  - No longer a difference in the episode of care
  - We do not use all of the key components in scoring the overall note
  - We no longer use the 3-3 criteria







# Inferred vs. Stated Classic Example

Chief Complaint: Acute onset of anxiety

The patient presents with complaints of anxiety. The patient complains of increased agitation and notes panic sensations within the past week. No suicide ideation, hallucinations, or dizziness, but does report frequent headaches.

Medical History: Diabetes, Hyperlipidemia, Depression Social History: Admitted social drinker and smoker Family History: Non-contributing

Exam:

Well appearing, agitated patient who is alert and oriented Cardio: Regular rate and rhythm

Assessment & Plan:

Anxiety

Depressio

The patient will continue with Zoloft and Amitriptyline and we will add Wellbutrin 100mg to her regimen and see her back in one week. Patient reminded that if symptoms worsen to call office or seek immediate help through the ER.

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# Diagnosis List vs. Complexity

Many diagnoses have high risk potential, but merely assigning the diagnoses does not mean the patient was high risk during the encounter

#### New 2021 Definition:

The final diagnosis for a condition does not in itself determine the complexity or risk, as extensive evaluation may be required to reach the conclusion that the signs or symptoms do not represent a highly morbid condition. Multiple problems of a lower severity may, in the aggregate, create higher risk due to interaction.



#### The Buzz Word Effect

How do buzz words impact the stated severity of the patient?

Stable

Unchanged

Mild, Moderate, Severe

Worsening, Improving, Same

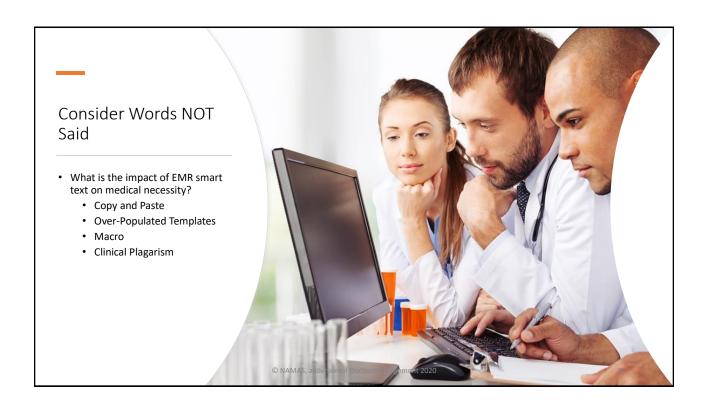
Document what actually happened in the room.

Make the patient as sick on paper (or not as sick) as they were in the

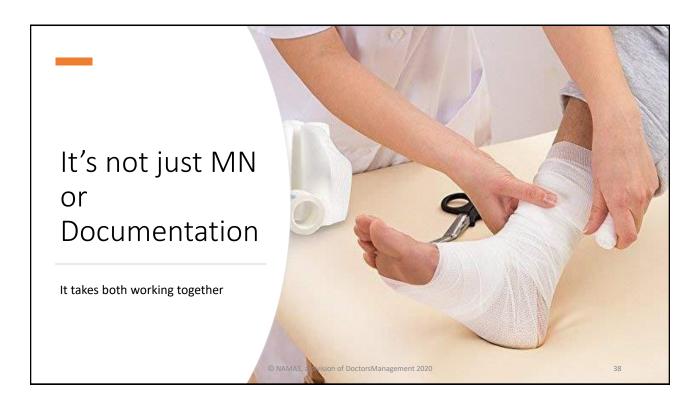


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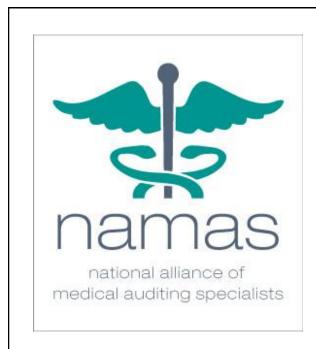








# MEDICAL NECESSITY MEDICAL NECESSITY CHRONIC Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a chronic prodom. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a chronic prodom. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a chronic prodom. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a chronic prodom. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recessity for a plate presenting with a na code problem. ACUTE Use his sheet to determine the level of medical recession for t



## Questions?

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